

Upward-Pointing Cosmic-Ray-like Events Observed with ANITA

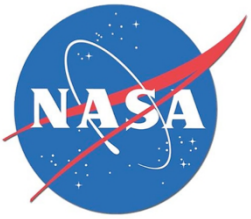
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for the ANITA Collaboration,

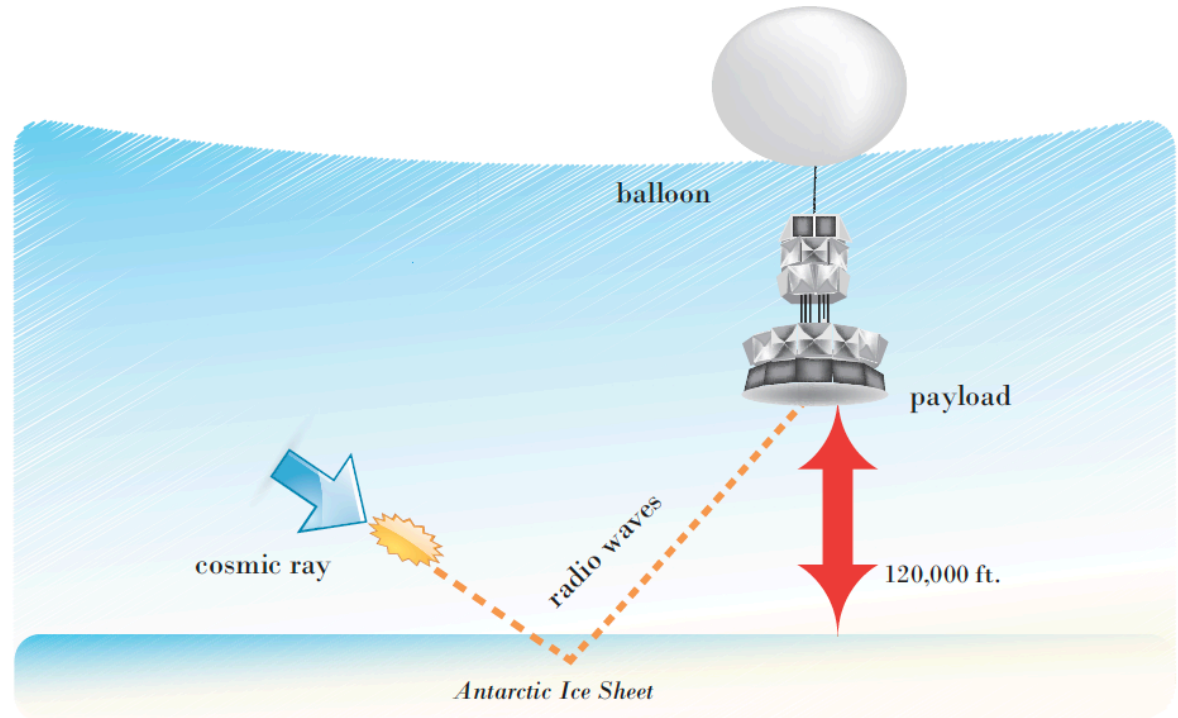
in collaboration with

J. Alvarez-Muñiz, W. Carvalho Jr., H. Schoorlemmer & E. Zas

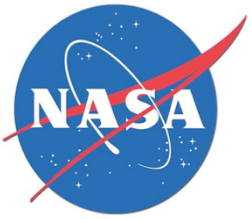


Extensive Air Showers with ANITA

- ANITA is a balloon borne instrument for radio detection of ultra-high energy neutrinos.
- Unexpectedly, the first flight of ANITA observed radio emission from extensive air showers reflected off the ice sheet (Hoover et al., 2010)

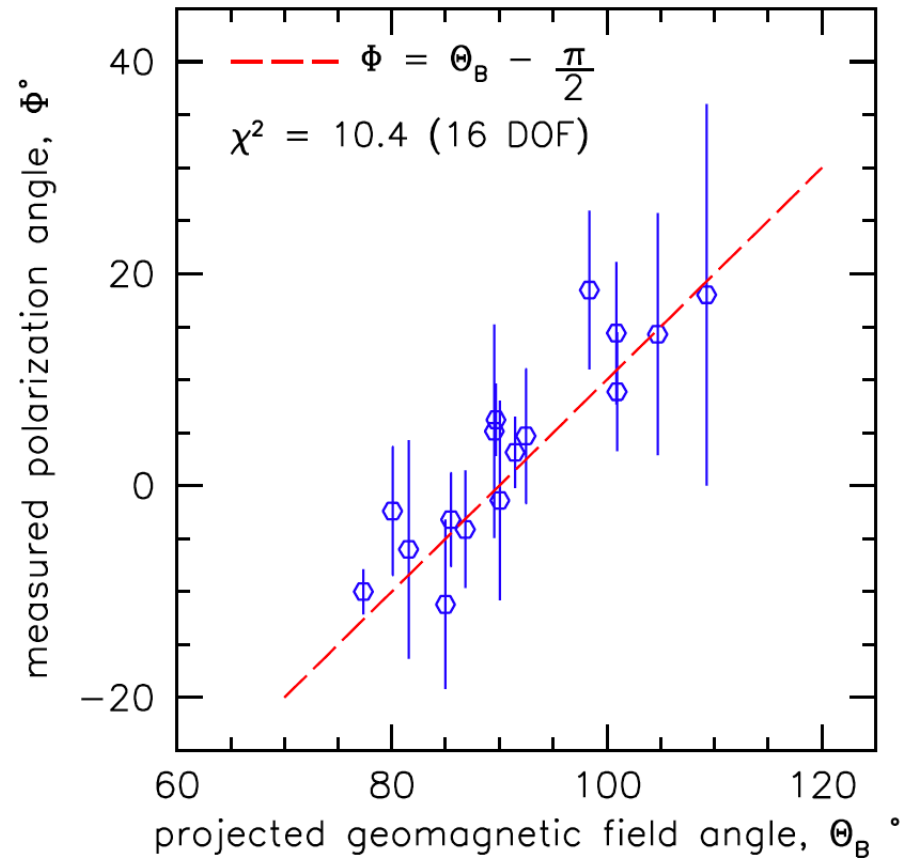


Credit: S. Hoover dissertation



Extensive Air Shower Identification

- EAS events are identified by the correlation of the polarization angle to the geomagnetic field angle.



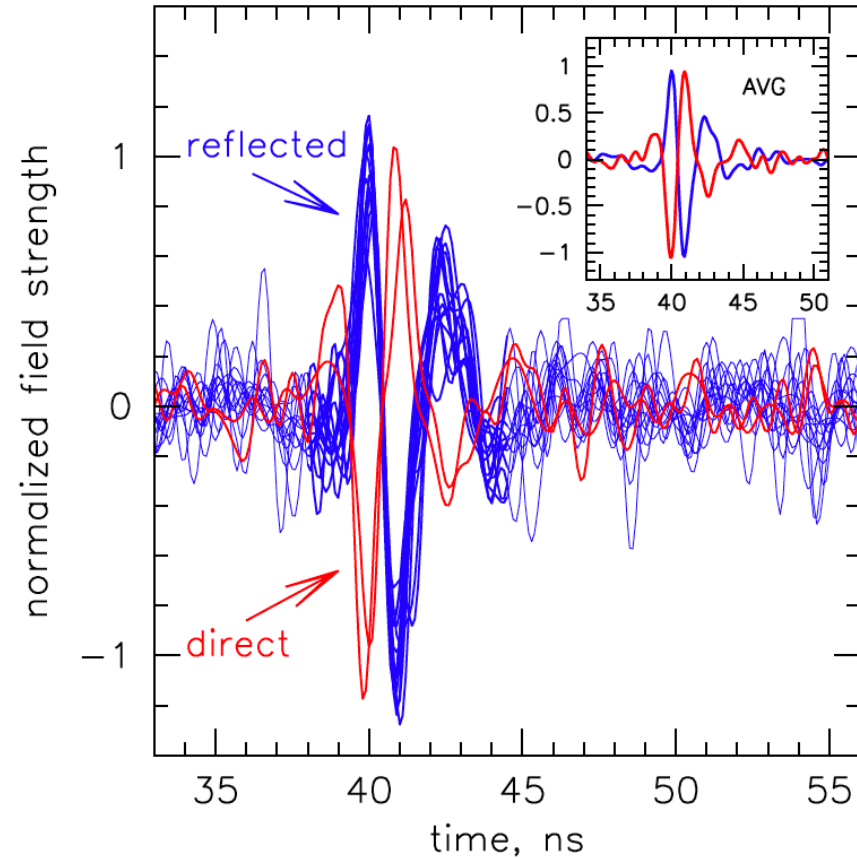
Credit: S. Hoover et al., PRL, 2010



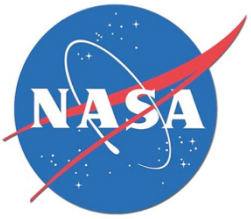
Extensive Air Showers

Impulse

- Impulse shape is similar between all events.
- Impulse has exponentially falling spectrum.
- 3 above-horizon events were observed with ANITA-1
- Direct events are identified by their direction and polarity.



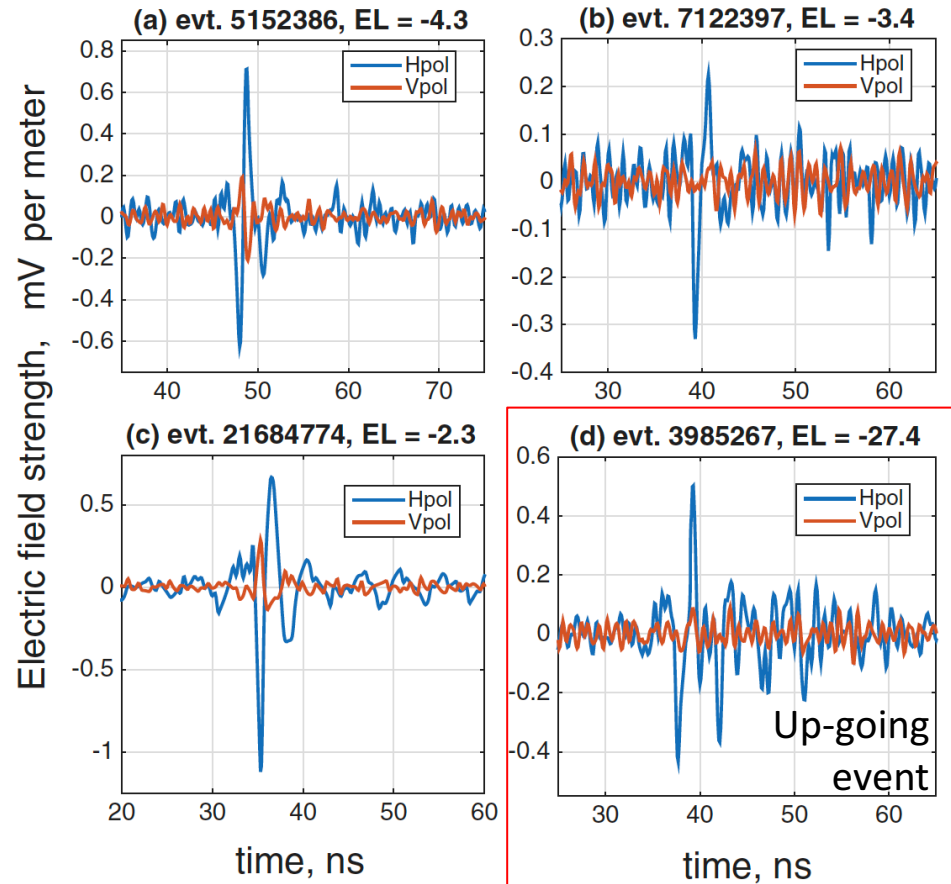
Credit: S. Hoover et al., PRL, 2010

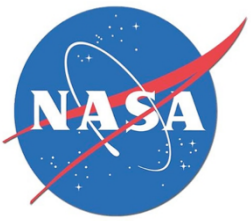


Upward-Pointing Events

- One **up-going** ANITA event that passed blind analysis cuts (red square) pointed to the ice sheet but did not have the polarity of a reflected event.
- This is consistent with an extensive air shower pointing up from the ground.
- Such signals could arise from decay of up-going τ -lepton of neutrino origin.

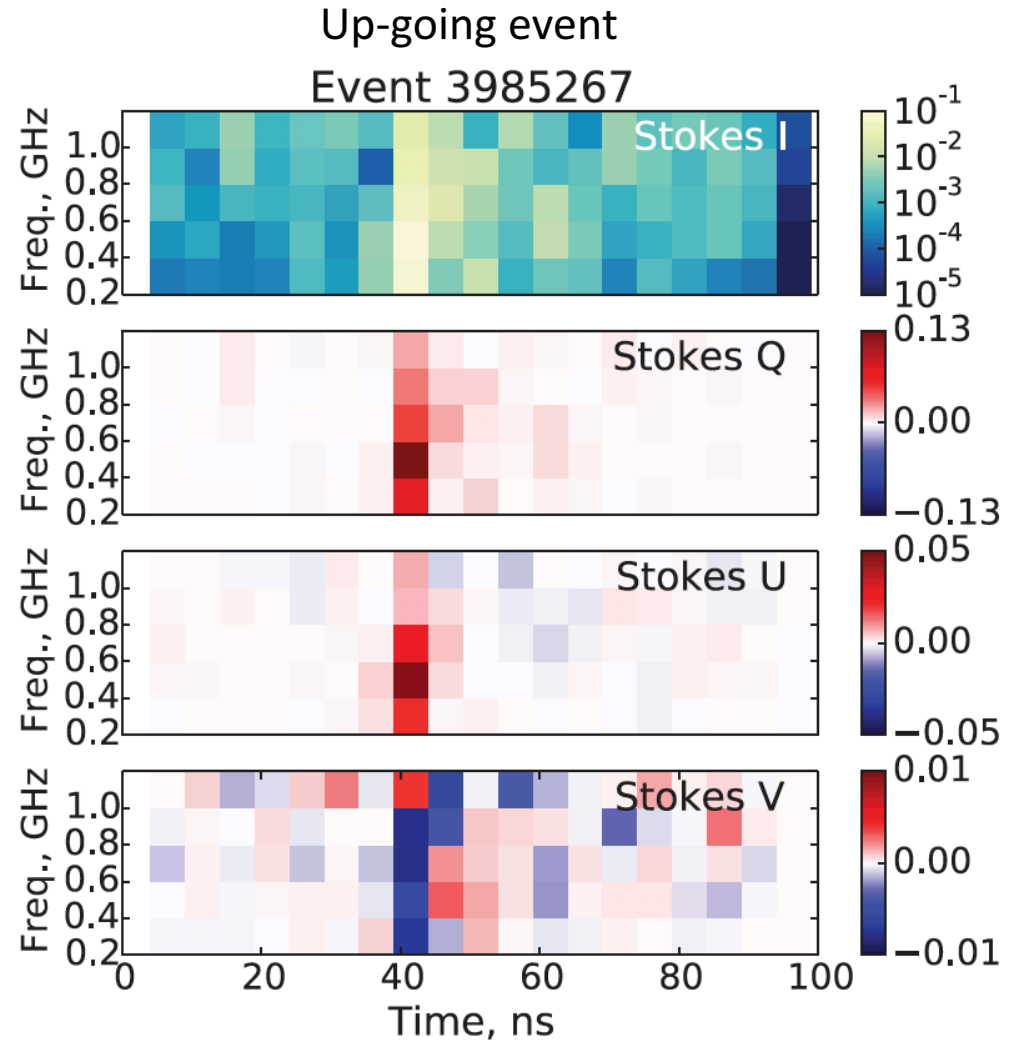
Credit: Gorham et al., PRL, 2016

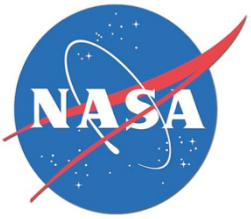




Circular Polarization of EAS Events

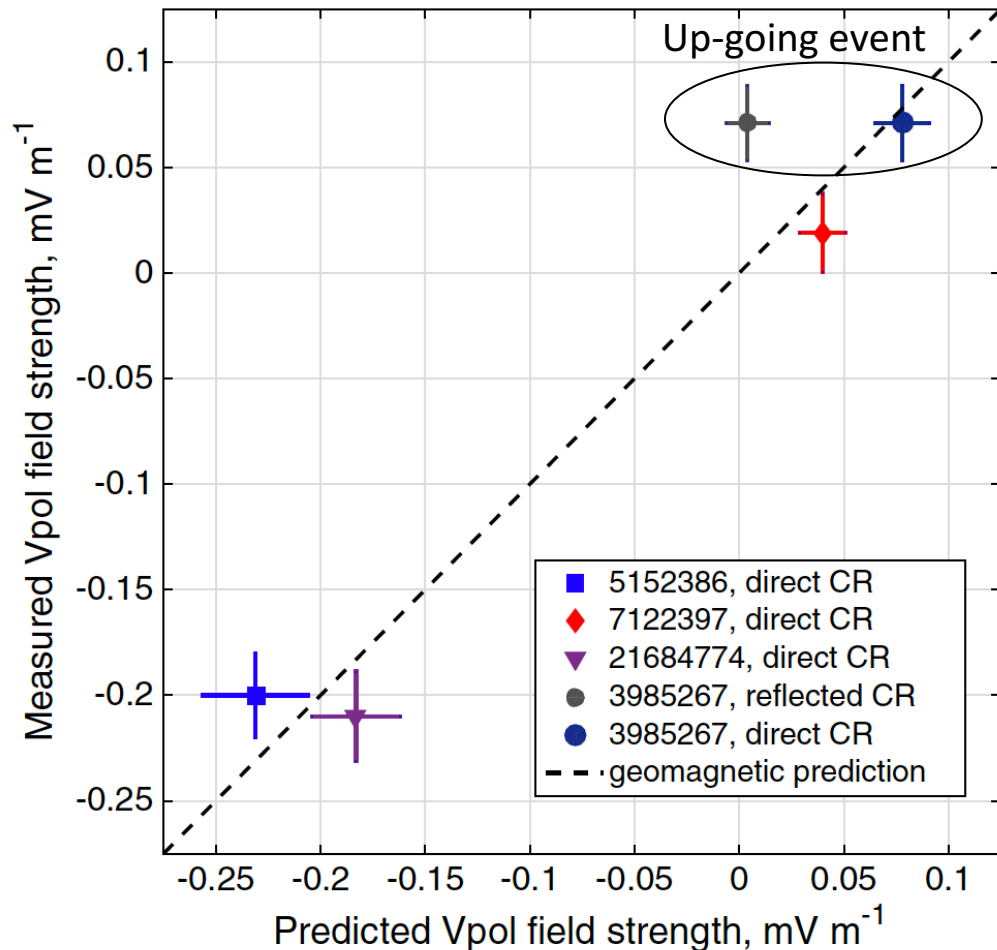
- EAS events can have a significant fraction of circular polarization (Stokes V) with LOFAR (Scholten et al., PRL, 2016)
- Down-going direct events have up to 25% circular polarization fraction.
- Up-going event has 10% circular polarization fraction.

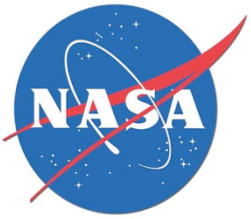




Geomagnetic Polarization

- The geomagnetic polarization vector is different at Xmax for a reflected down-going EAS compared to a direct up-going EAS.
- The event is consistent with Xmax for an up-going geometry.
- Down-going reflected hypothesis is discrepant by 2.5σ .





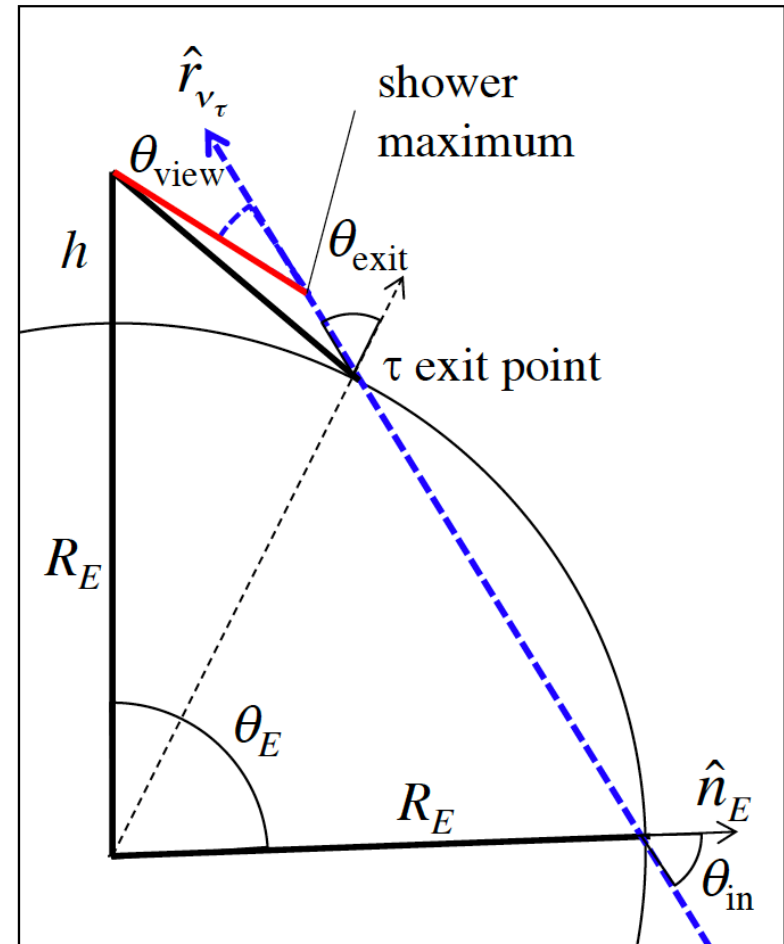
Competing Hypotheses for Up-Going EAS Event

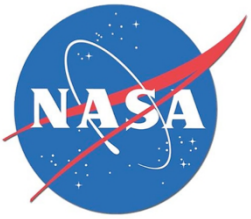
Hypothesis	Discrimination
Anthropogenic Background	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Anthropogenic backgrounds tested against 80,000 clustered events.• Estimated probabilities of impulse shape, geomagnetic polarization, and Stokes V contents• Estimated number of isolated background events is 1.6• Including trials factor, we expect $N=4 \times 10^{-4}$ background events.• EAS hypothesis is favored but not enough to exclude this possibility.
Reflected Down-going EAS Event	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Geomagnetic polarization is inconsistent at the 2.5σ level.• Polarity mis-identification is negligible given high SNR.



τ -lepton hypothesis

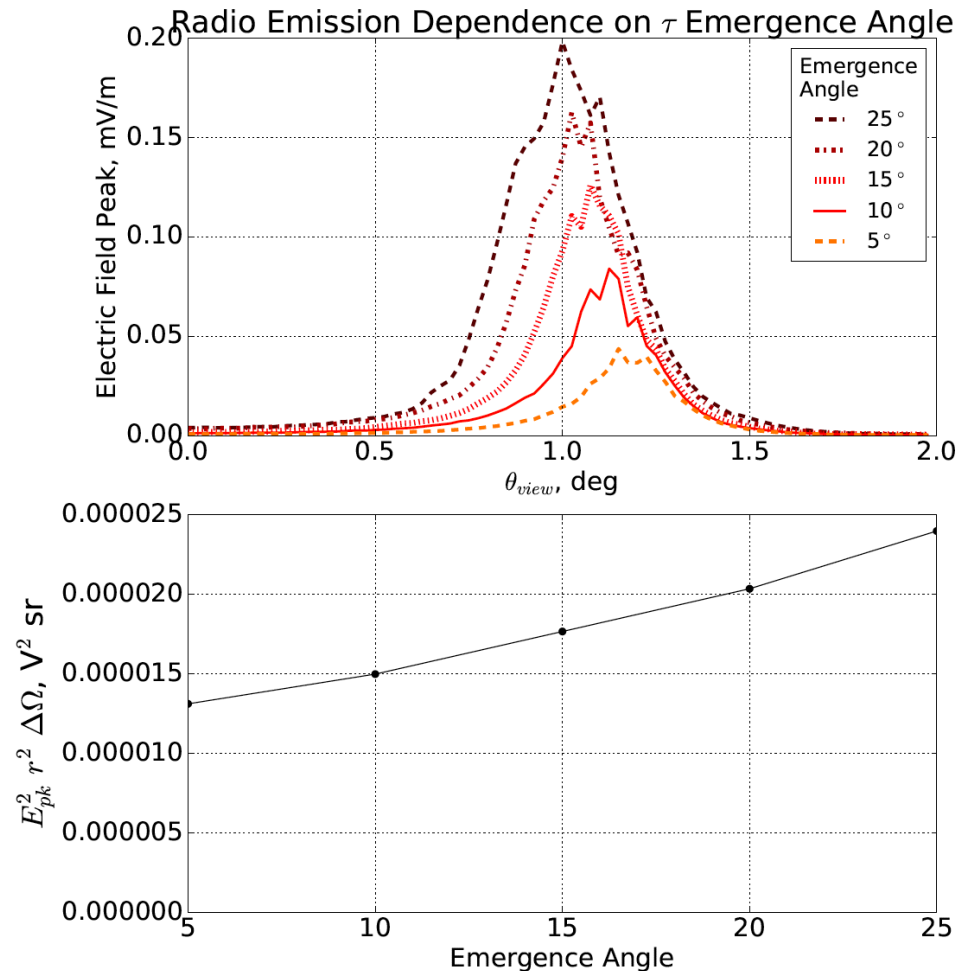
- Estimate the exposure for τ -lepton decays of τ -neutrino
- A τ -neutrino enters the Earth, producing a τ -lepton that exits the crust.
- The τ -lepton produces an EAS detected by ANITA.
- We produced **upper bounds** of the exposure for this process.

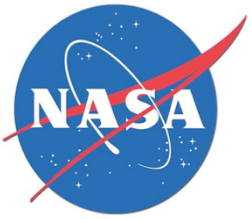




Radio Emission of Up-Going EAS

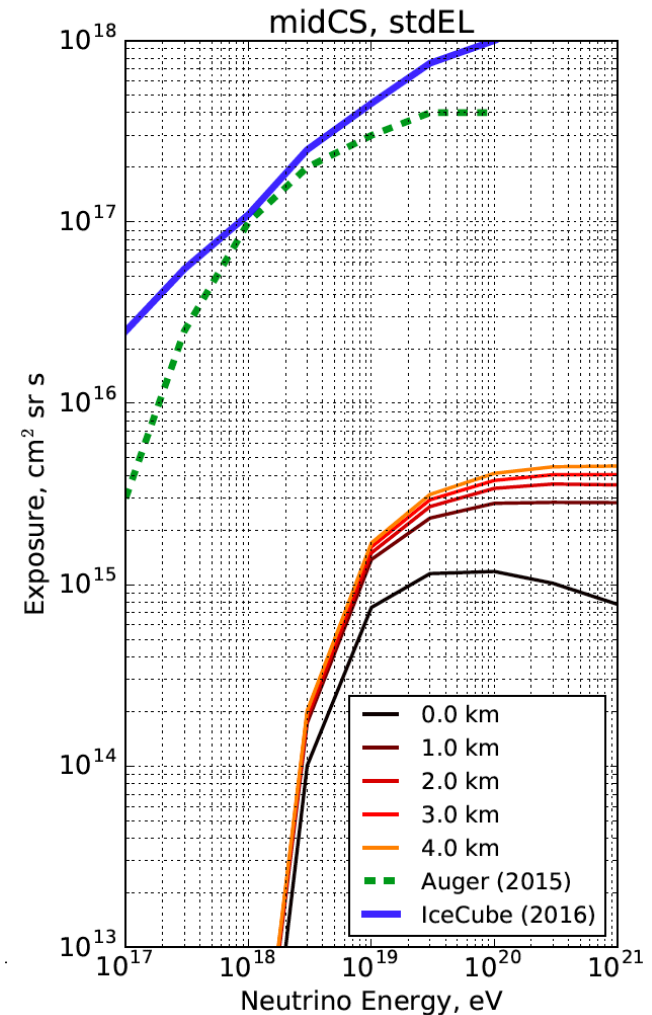
- Produced a set of simulations using ZHAireS for the geometries relevant to the ANITA event.
- For the **upper bound** estimate, we took the radio emission profile that radiates the most power.
- This corresponds to emergence angle of 25 degrees with the decay occurring on the ground.





Upper Bounds on ANITA Exposure

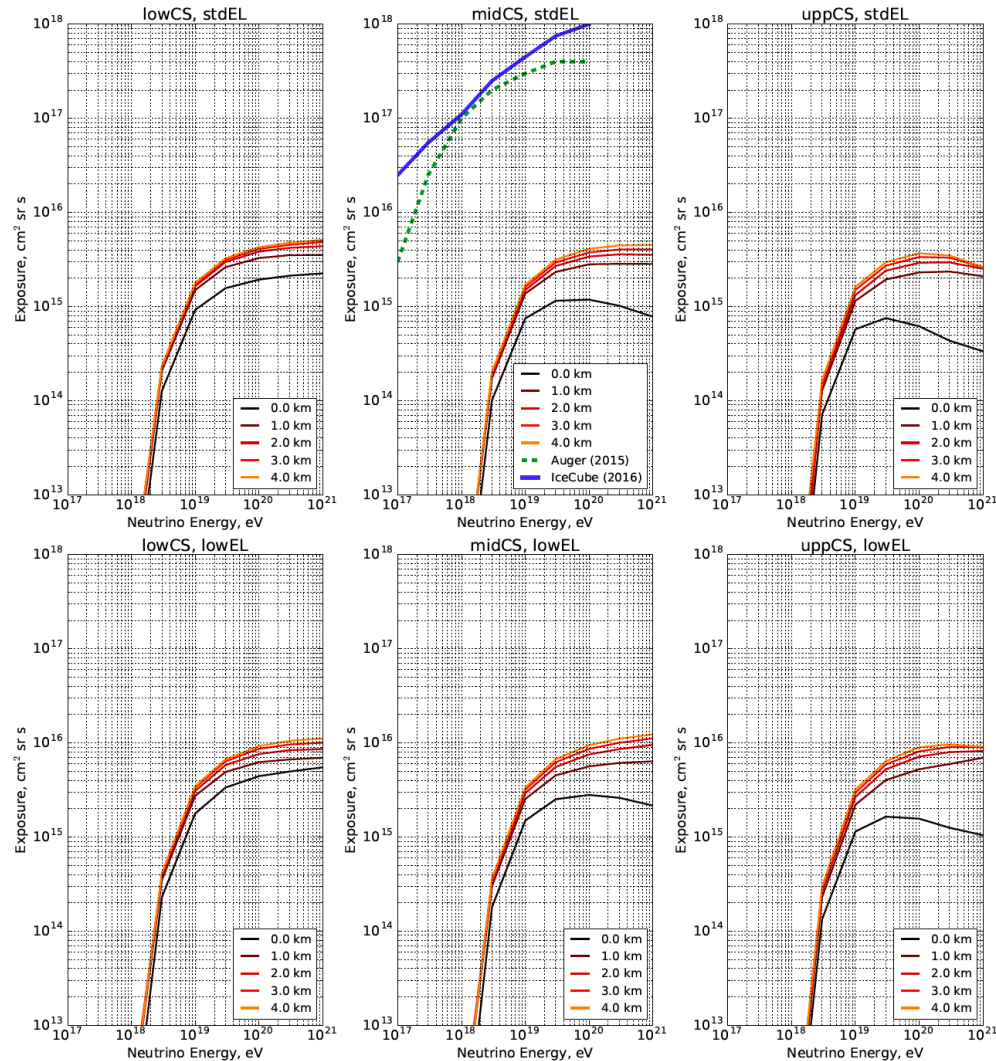
- Assumed standard values of the neutrino cross-section and tau energy loss.
- Studied the effect of ice-shell thickness.
- Find that Auger and IceCube exposures are ~ 100 times larger.
- Given neutrinos at UHE have not been detected, this makes the ANITA event τ -lepton decay unlikely

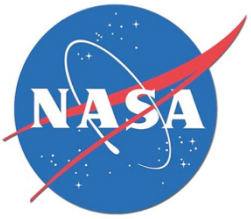




Upper Bounds on ANITA Exposure

- We also studied the effect of varying the interaction models within SM uncertainties.
- Upper bounds on the exposure do not vary significantly enough to compensate.
- However, we do not have the dependence on SM uncertainties for Auger and IceCube so the comparison is inconclusive.





Conclusions

- The origin of the up-going cosmic-ray-like ANITA event remains a mystery.
- The possibility that going outside of the standard model results in the possibility of the ANITA event being a t -lepton decay without tension from Auger and IceCube remains to be explored
- Results from on-going analysis of ANITA-3 and ANITA-4 have the potential to confirm or falsify the astrophysical origin of this event.

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